Alternator Diode (Super Low Loss type) Type code: MSM35H22 / MSM35J22 / MSM35J22R

■1. Absolute maximum ratings(Unless otherwise stated, Ta=25°C)

No.	Item	Symbol	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Conditions
1	Operating junction temperature	Tj	$^{\circ}$	-40	ı	175	
2	Minimum Operating voltage	Vo	V	8	-	-	
3	Operating frequency	fo	Hz	50	-	3,000	
4	Average rectified forward current	IF(Av)	Α	-	-	35	Single-phase half sine wave 50%duty
5	Storage Temperature	Tstg	$_{\mathcal{C}}$	-40	25	175	Stored at not applied voltage
6	Forward Surge Capability	IFSM	Α	530	-	-	T=10±1ms Non-RepetitiveSine Wave*1
7	Reverse Surge Capability	VRSM	V	58	-	1	Refer to followings.*2

■Absolute maximum ratings test conditions

No.6:Forward Surge test*1

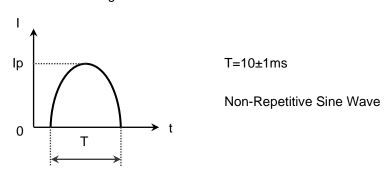


Fig 1-1. Forward Surge test sequence

No.7:Reverse Surge *2

Fig 1-2. Reverse Surge testing circuit

Applied Voltage waveform

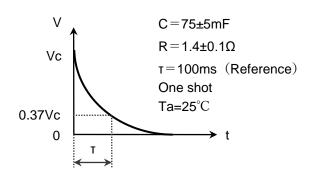
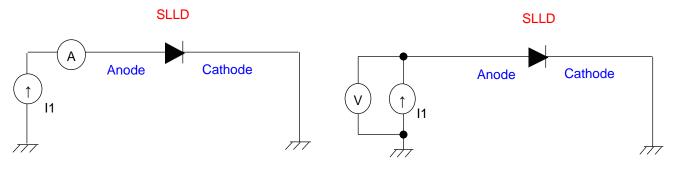


Fig 1-3. Reverse Surge test sequence

■2. Electrical characteristics(Ta=25°C)

No.	ltem	Symbol	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Conditions (Refer to below fig.)
1	Leakage current .	IR	μΑ	ı	ı	0.8	VR=18V
2	Zener voltage	Vz	V	20	-	24	Iz=10mA
3	Active mode forward voltage	VF(35A)	V	-	-	0.105	IF=35A,t=5ms
4	Active mode forward voltage	VF(100A)	V	-	-	0.3	IF=100A,t=5ms



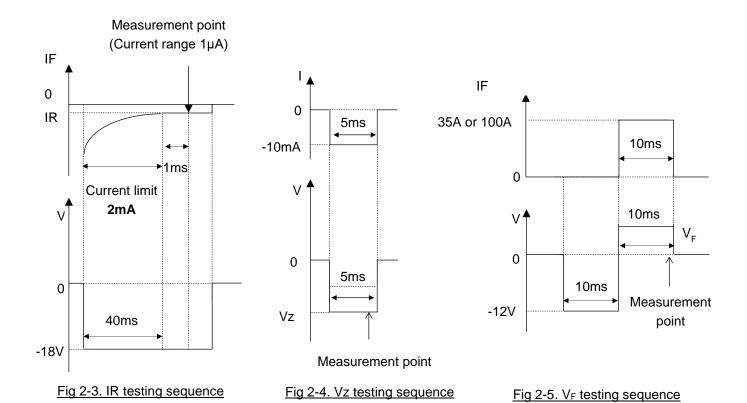
I1 Power supplier: 18V/2mA

I1 Power supplier: 10mA/100V (Vz measurement)

35A or 100A/15V (V_F measurement)

Fig 2-1. IR testing circuit

Fig 2-2. Vz and V_F testing circuit



We recommend measuring in the order of IR,VZ,VF.

■3. Mechanical, reliability characteristics (Ta=25°C)

No.	Item	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Conditions
1	Press in force	kN	1.5	-	12	Refer to chapter 8.for detail*3
2	Lead bending	mm	-	-	5	Bend 3 times from side to side. Refer to Fig. 3-1
3	Lead pulling	N	150	-	-	Refer to Fig3-2

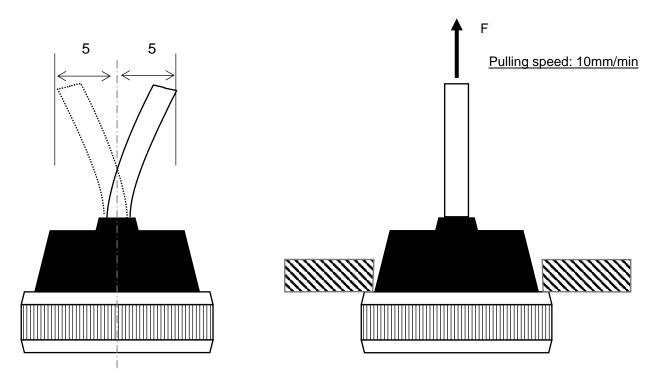


Fig 3-1. Lead bending

Fig 3-2. Lead pulling

■4. Reliability test

No.	Item	Sample	Te	st conditions		Criteria	
1	Thermal fatigue toot	11 noir	IF=35A,Tj=50°C ∈	IF=35A,Tj=50℃⇔175℃,			
ı	Thermal fatigue test	11 pair	Refer to Append	B(50) ≧ 7,200			
Tc−175°C						1000hr	
	Trigit Temperature Blocking	5 pair	V=11±2Vrms, 60	Hz or 50Hz		1000111	
3	High Temperature and High	5 pair	Tc=80°C±5°C, R	H=90%±5%,		1000hr	
3	Humidity Blocking	J pan	V=11±2Vrms, 60	OHz or 50Hz		1000111	
			Tc=-40°C±5°C⇔1			500cycle	
4	Thermal Shock	11 pair		Time to raise, lower and keep temperature			
			15min.±5min. ead	ch	00 -00		
			95℃±5℃		25℃±5℃		
5	Water Immersion	5 pair	(Water)	\Leftrightarrow	(Water)	100 cycles	
			10±1min	within 10sec.,	10±1min.		
			133±5°C(Oil)		R.T.(Air)		
6	Oil Immersion	5 pair	10±1sec.	\Leftrightarrow	60±10min.	50cycle	
			Oil:ASTM#	1, IRM903, or E	Equivalent		
			25±5°C(Gasoline))	R.T.(Air)		
7	Gasoline Immersion	5 pair	10±1sec.	\Leftrightarrow	60±10min.	50cycle	
			Gasoline: Gasolir	ne for General V	'ehicle		
			95 ⁺⁵ ℃(Anti-freez	ing Fluid)	R.T.(Air)		
8	Anti-freezing Fluid	5 pair	10±1sec.	\Leftrightarrow	60±10min.	50cycle	
O	Immersion	5 pail	Composition of Anti-freezing Fluid			Jocycle	
			:Ethylene Glycol 50	%, Water 50%			
			50±5°C(Wash Flu	uid)	R.T.(Air)		
9	Wash Fluid Immersion	5 pair	10±1sec.	\Leftrightarrow	60±10min.	50cycle	
J	vvdoi i idia illilloroidi	o pan	Composition of Wash Fluid:			220,010	
			5±1%Lypon F				

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10	Salt Spray test	5 pair	Test procedure follows JIS Z 2371.	Test procedure follows JIS Z2371.
11	High operating life	11 pair	Ta=175°C, V=18±1Vrms, 3000Hz, R=1±0.1 Ω ,	1000hr
12	Temperature Humidity-Bias	11 pair	Ta=85±2°C, RH=85±5%, V=18±1Vrms, 3000Hz, R=1±0.1Ω,	1000hr
13	USPCBT	11 pair	Ta=120±2°C, RH=85±5%, Steam Pressure 1.7×10⁵Pa V=18±1Vrms, 3000Hz, R=1±0.1Ω,	96Hr
14	PCT	11pair	Ta=121℃, RH=100%, Steam Pressure 2.03×10⁵Pa	96hr
15	ESD tolerance	11pair	 1)R=2kΩ, C=330pF, Discharge: Contact, Air 2)R=300Ω, C=330pF, Discharge: Contact, Air Test procedure follows ISO10605. 	V=±15kV Test procedure follows ISO10605.

■5. Part dimensions

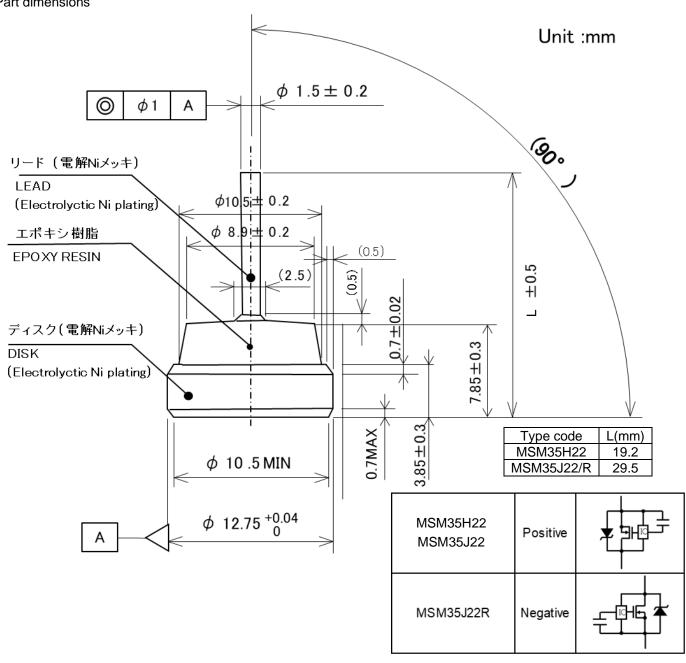


Fig 5. Physical Dimensions

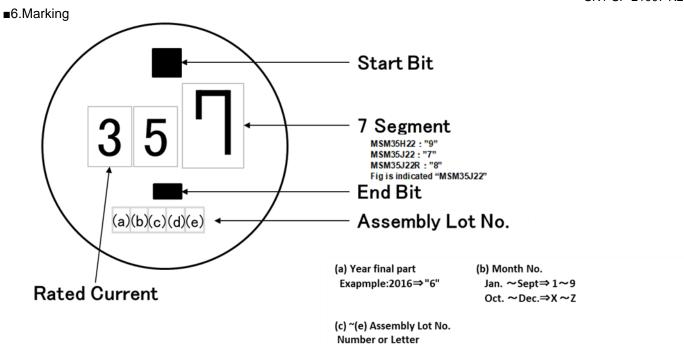


Fig6. Marking diagram

■7.Packing

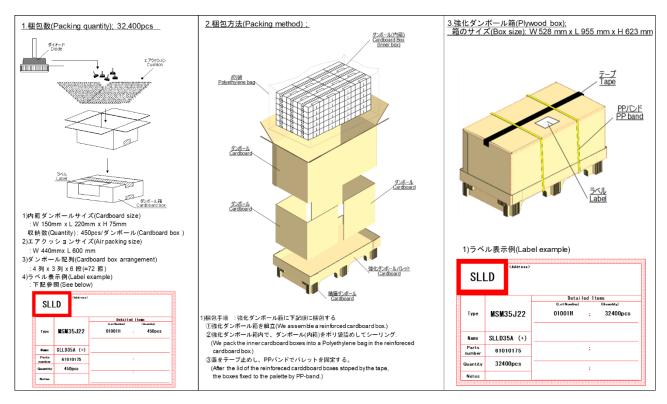


Fig7-1. Packing specification

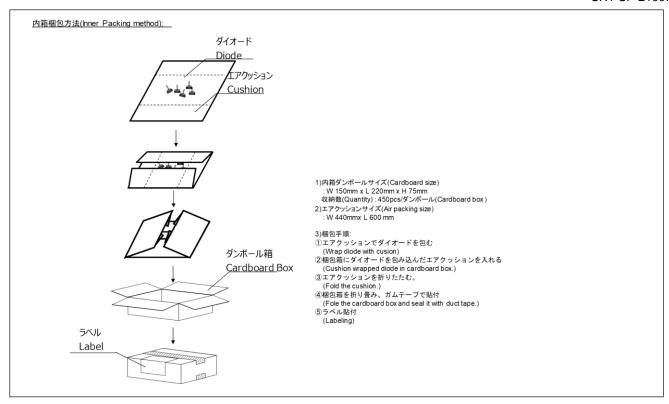


Fig7-2. Packing specification

■8.Notcies on the use of products *3

1) Precautions for handling during press-fitting

Based on the following standards, we guarantee the press-fit condition according to the results of the evaluation. Regarding detail validation, please refer to <u>Appendix.C</u>.

The fin (heatsinks) design and press-fit conditions of the fins (heatsinks) should be determined based on this standard. If you deviate from this regulation, there is a possibility that the press-fit conditions may not be able to guarantee, so please contact us in advance.

A) Standard Fin and caution for design

The fins should be designed with the material, dimension described in <u>table 8-1</u>. In addition, be sure to chamfer the press-fit hole. The recommended value for the Chamfer is C0.5.

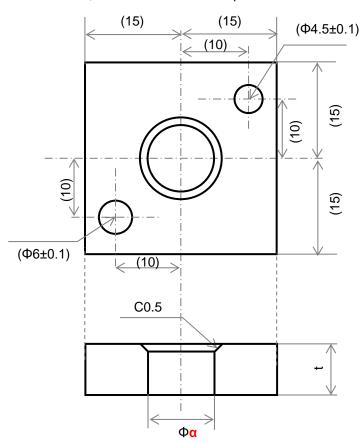


Table.8-1, Standard Fin specification

Material	Thickness t(mm)	Hole size φα(mm)	
A5052R-H34	4±0.1	12.625±0.025	
ADC12	4±0.1	12.645±0.005	

Fig 8-1. FIN outline (unit in mm)

B) Standard press-fit pin(jig)

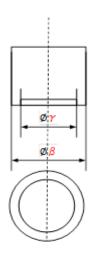


Table.8-2, Standard Press-fit pin

Material	SK105
Press-fit pin outer diameter φβ(mm)	12.2±0.2
Press-fit pin inner diameter φγ(mm)	7±0.05

Fig.8-2 Press-fit pin outline

C) Press-fit methods and cautions

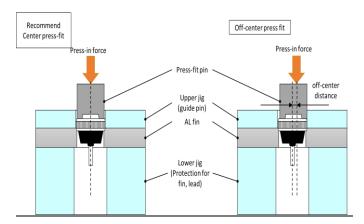


Table.8-3.Press-fit condition

Item	Min	Тур	Max
Press-fit speed (mm/sec)	1	ı	5
Off-center distance(mm)	0	0	1.5
Press-fit Depth(mm)	-	1	4
Press-in force (A5052R-H34)	1.5	-	12
Press-in force (ADC12)	1.5	-	12

Fig.8-3 Press-fit method

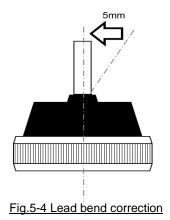
- ① Consider the position accuracy of fins, pins, and products so as not to misalignment when press-in. (Refer to Fig8-3)
- ② We recommend providing a guide with the upper jig to press fit the product vertically rather than diagonally.
- We recommend providing a lower receiving jig to prevent deformation of the fins during press fitting.
- 4 Monitor the press-in force and perform process control such as rejecting possible products that are greatly out of the normal distribution.
- ⑤ Pushing the bottom of disk locally will cause characteristic degradation or destruction of the product.
- When press-fitting, be careful not to get foreign objects between the press-fitting jig and the bottom of the disk.

2) Cautions on lead handling

When corrected the lead bending etc., correct the vertical width of 5mm from the lead tip only once, as shown in Fig.5-4. In addition, the lead should be fixed vertically with terminal block, etc., without stresses such as tension and compression are not applied.

3) Cautions on lead welding

- ① If it is necessary to bend lead at welding, please follow section 2) above in this chapter.
- ② If it is necessary to change lead length, you can use by cutting the leads.
- ③ Regarding lead terminal connections, we recommend the TIG welding.
 Due to terminal material, welding method or assembling conditions, it may cause the degradation or destruction of device.
- ④ Therefore, the processing and welding conditions of the lead should be used after a sufficient pre-evaluation by the customer and the Reliability test after the implementation.



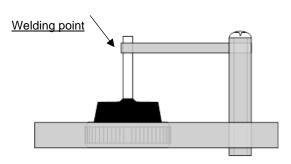


Fig.5-5 Lead Terminal welding

■9. Caution for Storage

- 1) The products should be stored at a temperature of less 35°C and relative humidity of less than 60% away from direct sunlight and moisture. Upon storage, keep them polyethylene bags until for use, and they should be used within 12 months.
- 2) The Storage room should not contain cany corrosive gas (e.g., sulfurous acid gas and chlorine gas)
- 3) When stored for a long time after unpacked, it must be stored at a temperature of less 35℃ and relative humidity of less than 60% and free from corrosive gas Such products should be used within 30 days of unpacking.
- 4) If the storage is not appropriate, the weldability of the lead material may be regraded.

■10. Safety precautions

The handling precautions of this product are shown below. Failure to comply with this precaution may result in human or property damage caused by personal accidents, fire accidents, etc.

- Regardless of changes in external conditions during use "absolute maximum ratings" should never be
 exceed in designing electronic circuits that employ semiconductors.

 In no event shall MPSD be liable for any failure in a semiconductor device or any secondary damage
 resulting from use at a value exceeding the absolute maximum rating.

 When using, please use it with sufficient derating in consideration.
- 2) Semiconductor devices may experience failures due to accidental or unexpected surge voltage, current, etc. Accordingly, adopt safe design features, such as redundancy or prevention of malfunctions, to avoid extensive damage in the event of a failure.
- 3) If this product fails, there may be cases in which the semiconductor device, wiring or wiring pattern will emit smoke or cause a fire.
- 4) We strongly recommend measuring electrical characteristics in incoming inspection and post-assembly inspection.

[Usage]

- (1) MPSD warrants that the MPSD products have the specified performance according to the respective specifications at the time of its sale. Testing and other quality control techniques of the MPSD products by MPSD are utilized to the extent MPSD needs to meet the specifications described in this document. Not every device of the MPSD products is specifically tested on all parameters, except those mandated by relevant laws and/or regulations.
- (2) Following any claim regarding the failure of a product to meet the performance described in this document made within one month of product delivery, all the products in relevant lot(s) shall be re-tested and re-delivered. The MPSD products delivered more than one month before such a claim shall not be counted for such response.
- (3) MPSD assumes no obligation nor makes any promise of compensation for any fault which should be found in a customer's goods incorporating the products in the market. If a product failure occurs for reasons obviously attributable to MPSD and a claim is made within six months of product delivery, MPSD shall offer free replacement or payment of compensation. The maximum compensation shall be the amount paid for the products, and MPSD shall not assume responsibility for any other compensation.
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■Appendix

A)Rating and Characteristic Curves

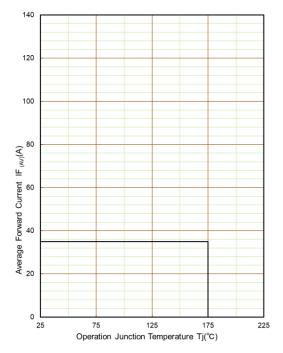


Fig.A-1 Power Dissipation Curves

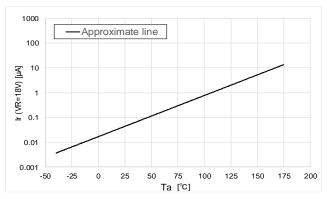


Fig.A-3.Leakage current – Temperature *a

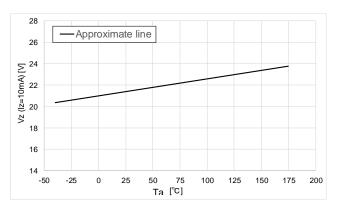


Fig.A-5. Zener voltage - Temperature *

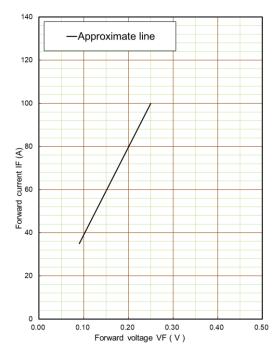


Fig.A-2 Forward current – Forward voltage*

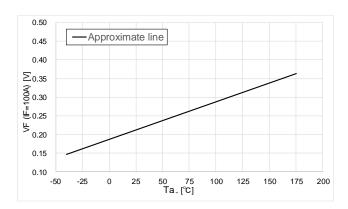


Fig.A-4. Forward voltage – Temperature *

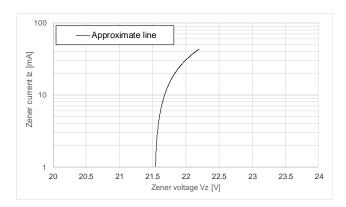
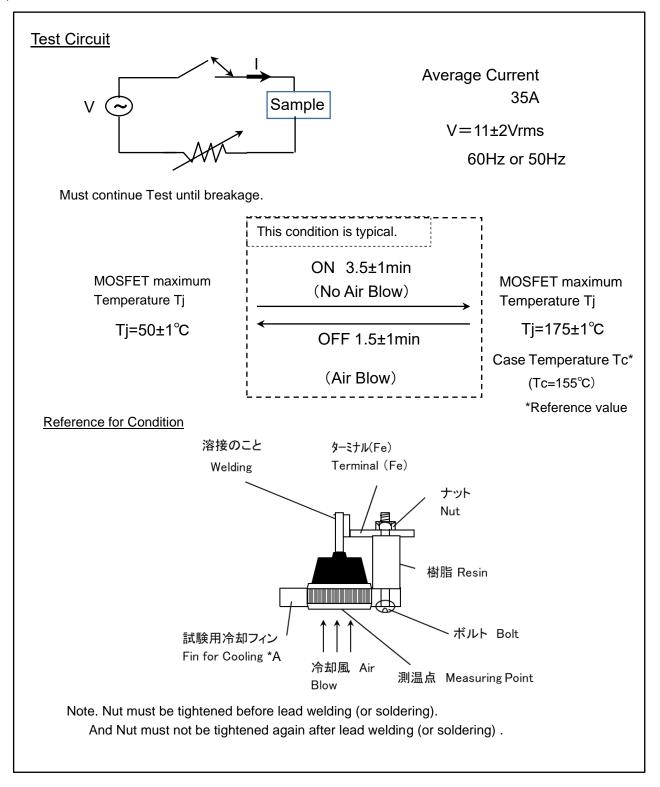


Fig.A-6. Zener current - Zener voltage *

*Fig.A-2 to A-6 are shown for reference only and are approximated from the measured data.



*A The fin conditions are basically same as <u>Fig.8-1</u>, but when ON-OFF Timing does not meet TFT Test Specification, Fin Shape can be changed only used TFT Test.

Fig.B-1 Thermal Fatigue Test (TFT)

C)Pres-in force and Strain

In order to prevent the destruction, and decrease of electrical characteristics of the product under the load at the time of press-fit, we recommend to validate the strain on the bottom of the disk during press-fit. An example of our validation is shown in below.

Please contact us for detailed validation methods.

Press-fit Pin Upper jig (Guide pin) AL fin Lower jig (Protection for fin, lead)

Fig.C-2 Example of strain and press-in force measurement

Fig.C-1, Jig and strain-measurement point



Fig.C-3 Example of strain and press-in force validation

Measure by changing the interference,

Strain threshold is calculated from analysis results